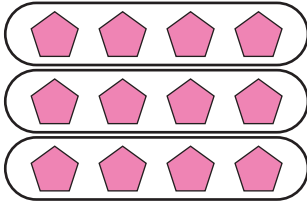


Multiplying Fractions | Arrays

1)



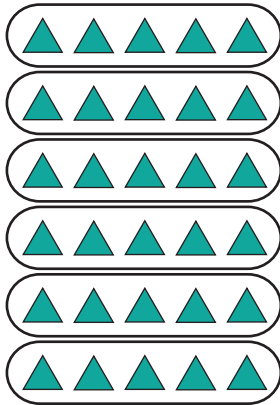
This illustration shows 12 pentagons divided equally into 3 rows.

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{ of } 12 = \text{number of pentagons in each row} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 12 = \text{number of pentagons in 2 rows}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \times 12 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ pentagons}$$

2)



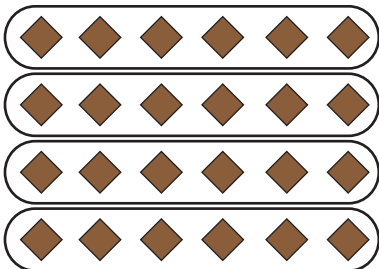
This illustration shows 30 triangles divided equally into 6 rows.

$$\frac{1}{6} \text{ of } 30 = \text{number of triangles in each row} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} \text{ of } 30 = \text{number of triangles in 3 rows}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} \times 30 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ triangles}$$

3)



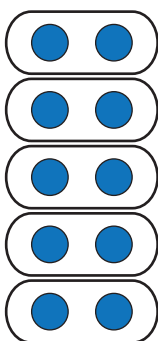
This illustration shows 24 diamonds divided equally into 4 rows.

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } 24 = \text{number of diamonds in each row} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \text{ of } 24 = \text{number of diamonds in 3 rows}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \times 24 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ diamonds}$$

4)



This illustration shows 10 circles divided equally into 5 rows.

$$\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 10 = \text{number of circles in each row} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \text{ of } 10 = \text{number of circles in 4 rows}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} \times 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ circles}$$