Simplifying Improper Fractions

A) Reduce each improper fraction to its lowest terms.

1) $\frac{69}{9}$ = _____

2) $\frac{18}{4}$ = _____

3) $\frac{44}{38}$ = _____

4) $\frac{75}{6}$ = _____

5) $\frac{24}{10}$ = _____

6) $\frac{42}{28}$ = _____

7) $\frac{55}{22}$ = _____

8) $\frac{86}{8}$ = _____

B) 1) Which option shows $\frac{20}{15}$ reduced to its lowest terms?

a) $1\frac{1}{3}$ b) $2\frac{1}{5}$ c) $1\frac{2}{3}$ d) $1\frac{3}{5}$

2) Which of the following represents $\frac{9}{6}$ in its simplest form?

a) $2\frac{1}{6}$ b) $1\frac{2}{3}$ c) $1\frac{1}{2}$ d) $2\frac{5}{6}$

3) Identify the mixed number that is the simplest form of $\frac{48}{9}$.

a) $3\frac{8}{9}$ b) $5\frac{2}{3}$ c) $4\frac{4}{9}$ d) $5\frac{1}{3}$